### **CHANGES TO THE CDS FOR 2003-2004**

#### **NEW ITEMS**

A0. **Respondent Information:** This item collects respondent name and contact information in case questions arise. (This information will not be published.) It also requests the Web address of CDSs posted online for use by data collectors.

### **CHANGED ITEMS**

- B4. B21. **Graduation Rates:** Bachelor's or equivalent program data may be provided for the fall 1997 cohort else the fall 1996 cohort depending upon the timing of the data request and the availability of the data. Likewise for two-year institutions, data may be provided for the 2000 cohort else the 1999 cohort.
- E4. E8. **Library Collections:** This item now references questions and definitions used in the most recent Academic Libraries Survey.
- H. Financial Aid:
  - Questions were reworded slightly for clarification. The term "gift aid" was replaced with "scholarship or grant aid" and "received" was replaced with "awarded."
  - In H1, the row heading "State (Scholarship/Grants)" was defined to include scholarships and grants from all states, not only the state in which your institution is located.
  - In H2b, the question was refined to include only students who applied for need-based financial aid.
  - In H2i, financial aid awarded in excess of need is to be excluded.
  - H2A "Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants" was refined to include only institutional aid.
- J. **Degrees Conferred:** CIP 2000's two-digit categories are now listed alongside those for CIP 1990.

### ANNUAL UPDATES (e.g., changes to years, etc.)

- B. Enrollment and Persistence
- C. First-time, First-Year (Freshman) Admission
- D. Transfer Admission
- F1. Student Life
- G. Annual Expenses
- H. Financial Aid
- I. Instructional Faculty and Class Size
- J. Degrees Conferred

# A. GENERAL INFORMATION

A0.	Respondent Information (Not for Publication)  Name: Daniel Stradtman  Title: Senior Research Analyst Office: Institutional Research Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country: 1420 Austin Bluffs Parkway MH 301, Colorado Springs, CO 80918 Phone: 719-262-3640 Fax: 719-262-3045 E-mail Address: dstradtm@uccs.edu Are your responses to the CDS posted for reference on your institution's Web site?  Yes No If yes, please provide the URL of the corresponding Web page: www.uccs.edu/~irpage/IRPAGE/
A1.	Address Information  Name of College or University: University of Colorado at Colorado Springs  Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country: PO Box 7150, Colorado Springs, CO 80933-7150 USA  Street Address (if different), City/State/Zip/Country: 1420 Austin Bluffs Parkway, Colorado Springs, CO 80918 USA  Main Phone Number: (719) 262-3000  WWW Home Page Address: www.uccs.edu  Admissions Phone Number: (719) 262-3383  Admissions Toll-free Number: (800) 990-8227 ext. 3383  Admissions Office Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country: 1420 Austin Bluffs Parkway PO Box 7150,  Colorado Springs, CO 80933-7150 USA  Admissions Fax Number: (719) 262-3116  Admissions E-mail Address: admrecor@uccs.edu  Is there a separate URL application site on the Internet? If so, please specify: http://www.uccs.edu/appintro.htm
A2.	Source of institutional control (check one only)
	<ul><li>☐ Public</li><li>☐ Private (nonprofit)</li><li>☐ Proprietary</li></ul>
A3.	Classify your undergraduate institution:
	<ul> <li>         ☐ Coeducational college         ☐ Men's college         ☐ Women's college         </li> </ul>
A4.	Academic year calendar
	Semester □ 4-1-4   □ Quarter □ Continuous   □ Trimester □ Differs by program (describe):   □ Other (describe):
A5.	Degrees offered by your institution
	☐ Certificate       ☐ Postbachelor's certificate         ☐ Diploma       ☐ Master's         ☐ Associate       ☐ Post-master's certificate         ☐ Transfer       ☐ Doctoral         ☐ Terminal       ☐ First professional         ☐ Bachelor's       ☐ First professional certificate

### **B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE**

**B1. Institutional Enrollment—Men and Women** Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2003.

	FULL-TIME		PART-TIME		
	Men	Women	Men	Women	
Undergraduates					
Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	323	540	26	20	
Other first-year, degree- seeking	229	300	70	99	
All other degree-seeking	1,160	1,967	386	642	
Total degree-seeking	1,712	2,807	482	761	
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	18	8	142	119	
Total undergraduates	1,730	2,815	624	880	
First-professional					
First-time, first-professional students	0	0	0	0	
All other first-professionals	0	0	0	0	
Total first-professional	0	0	0	0	
Graduate					
Degree-seeking, first-time	95	120	42	59	
All other degree-seeking	299	438	325	314	
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	55	82	230	604	
Total graduate	449	640	597	977	

Total all undergraduates: 6,049	
Γotal all graduate and professional students:	<u>2,663</u>
GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS: 8.	,712

**B2.** Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2003. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns.

	Degree-seeking First-time First year	Degree-seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non- degree-seeking)
Nonresident aliens	4	24	32
Black, non-Hispanic	25	205	212
American Indian or Alaskan Native	7	63	67
Asian or Pacific Islander	44	285	303
Hispanic	79	475	505
White, non-Hispanic	708	4,450	4,655
Race/ethnicity unknown	42	260	275
Total	909	5,762	6,049

### Persistence

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2002, to June 30, 2003.

Certificate/diploma	
Associate degrees	
Bachelor's degrees	<u>922</u>
Postbachelor's certificates	
Master's degrees	<u>462</u>
Post-master's certificates	
Doctoral degrees	3
First professional degrees	
First professional certificates	

#### **Graduation Rates**

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2003 Web-based survey.

#### For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the fall 1997 cohort if available. If fall 1997 cohort data are not available, provide data for the fall 1996 cohort.

### Fall 1996 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall **1996**. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall **1996**.

**B4.** Initial **1996** cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students: **381** 

### Fall 1997 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 1997. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall 1997.

**B4.** Initial 1997 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students: 531

<b>B5.</b> Of the initial <b>1996</b> cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	<b>B5.</b> Of the initial <b>1997</b> cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:
<b>B6.</b> Final <b>1996</b> cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: 375 (Subtract question B5 from question B4)	<b>B6.</b> Final <b>1997</b> cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions:
<b>B7.</b> Of the initial <b>1996</b> cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2000):	B7. Of the initial 1997 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2001):  83
B8. Of the initial 1996 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2000 and by August 31, 2001):  63	B8. Of the initial 1997 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2001 and by August 31, 2002):
<b>B9.</b> Of the initial <b>1996</b> cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2001 and by August 31, 2002):	<b>B9.</b> Of the initial <b>1997</b> cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2002 and by August 31, 2003):
<b>B10</b> . Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):144	<b>B10</b> . Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):
<b>B11.</b> Six-year graduation rate for <b>1996</b> cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):	<b>B11.</b> Six-year graduation rate for <b>1997</b> cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):%
For Two-Y	ear Institutions
Please provide data for the 2000 cohort if available. If 2000 <a href="mailto:1999Cohort">1999 Cohort</a>	cohort data are not available, provide data for the 1999 cohort.  2000 Cohort
<b>B12</b> . Initial <b>1999</b> cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:	B12. Initial 2000 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:
<b>B13.</b> Of the initial <b>1999</b> cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanently disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	B13. Of the initial 2000 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanently disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:
B14. Final 1999 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions(Subtract question B13 from question B12)	B14. Final 2000 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions  (Subtract question B13 from question B12)
B15. Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):	B15. Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):
B16. Completers of programs of less than two years	B16. Completers of programs of less than two years

within 150 percent of normal time:	within 150 percent of normal time:
<b>B17.</b> Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	<b>B17.</b> Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):
<b>B18.</b> Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:	<b>B18.</b> Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:
<b>B19.</b> Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	<b>B19.</b> Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:
<b>B20.</b> Total transfers to two-year institutions:	<b>B20.</b> Total transfers to two-year institutions:
<b>B21.</b> Total transfers to four-year institutions:	<b>B21.</b> Total transfers to four-year institutions:
Retention Rates Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (o entered in fall 2002 (or the preceding summer term). The init following reasons: death, permanently disability, or service i government or official church missions. No other adjustment	tial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the n the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal
<b>B22.</b> For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent institution as freshmen in fall 2002 (or the preceding su of the date your institution calculates its official enrolln	immer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as

# C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

# **Applications**

C1. First-time, first-year (freshman) students: Provide the number of degree-se applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in fall 2003. Include who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include o requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiti applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed stude admission.	early decision, early action, and students nly those students who fulfilled the applications) and who have been notified ing list, or application withdrawn (by
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied	1,187
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	1,606
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted	<u>701</u>
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	<u> 1,109</u>
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	323
Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	<u> 26</u>
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	540
Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	<u>20</u>
C2. Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requirement contingent on space availability)  Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list? Yes No If yes, please answer the questions below for fall 2003 admissions:	
Number of qualified applicants placed on waiting list	
Number accepting a place on the waiting list  Number of wait-listed students admitted	
Admission Requirements  C3. High school completion requirement  Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completion requirem  High school diploma is required and GED is accepted  High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted  High school diploma or equivalent is not required	ent for degree-seeking entering students:
C4. Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparator	ry program for degree-seeking students?
Require	
☐ Recommend ☐ Neither require nor recommend	

**C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended.** Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

	Units Required	Units Recommended
Total academic units	15	16
English	4	4
Mathematics	3	4
Science	3	3
Of these, units that must be lab	2	2
Foreign language	2	3
Social studies	2	3
History	-	1
Academic electives	1	1
Other (specify)		

Da	2:0	for	Cal	ection
Вя	212	tor	<b>Se</b>	ection

equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualification which applies:	
Open admission policy as described above for all students	
Open admission policy as described above for most students, but selective admission for out-of-state students selective admission to some programs other (explain) No Open Admission Policy	

C7. Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in your first-time, first-year, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

	Very Important	Important	Considered	<b>Not Considered</b>
Academic Secondary school record Class rank Recommendation(s) Standardized test scores Essay				
Nonacademic Interview Extracurricular activities Talent/ability Character/personal qualities Alumni/ae relation Geographical residence State residency Religious affiliation/commitment Minority status Volunteer work Work experience				

### **SAT and ACT Policies**

C8.	. Entrance exams						
A.	Does your institution make use of	SAT I, SAT	Γ II, or ACT scor	es in admission de	cisions for first-t	ime, first-year, degi	ee
	seeking applicants? X Yes	No					
	If yes, place check marks in the ap	propriate be	oxes below to ref	lect your institutio	n's policies for u	se in admission.	
				ADMISSION			
		Require	Recommend	Require for	Consider If	Not Used	
	CATI			Some	Submitted		
	SAT I	님	H	H	H	H	
	ACT SAT I or ACT (no preference)	M	H	H	H	H	
	SAT I of ACT (no preferred		H	H	H	H	
	SAT I or ACTACT preferred	Ħ	Ħ	Ħ	Ħ	Ħ	
	SAT I and SAT II						
	SAT I and SAT II or ACT						
	SAT II						
	In addition, does your institution	use applicat	nts' test scores for	r placement or cou	inseling?		
	Placement Yes No						
	Counseling Yes No						
В.	Does your institution use the SAT	I or II or th	e ACT for <b>place</b>	ment only? If so	nlease mark the a	nnronriate hoves	
Ь.	below:	1 01 11 01 111	c ACT for place	ment omy: 11 so, p	picase mark the a	ppropriate boxes	
	below.	P	LACEMENT				
	Re			uire for			
			s	ome			
	SAT I	님		님			
	SAT II ACT	H	H	H			
	SAT I or ACT	H	H	H			
	5/11 1 01 /101	Ш					
C.	Latest date by which SAT I or AC	T scores mi	ist be received fo	r fall-term admiss	ion <b>July 1, 20</b>	04	
С.	Educate during of whiteh still i of the	1 500105 1110		T TWIT VOILE WALLES		<u> </u>	
	Latest date by which SAT II scores	s must be re	eceived for fall-te	rm admission	N/A		
D.	If necessary, use this space to clari	fy your test	policies (e.g., if	tests are recomme	nded for some stu	idents, or if tests ar	e
	not required of some students):			en English requ			

### Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in fall 2003, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9. Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in fall 2003 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not verbal for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. SAT scores should be recentered scores. The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

Percent submitting SAT scores
Percent submitting ACT scores

93%

Number submitting SAT scores

Number submitting ACT scores

848

	25th Percentile	75th Percentile
SAT I Verbal	480	580
SAT I Math	490	600
ACT Composite	21	26
ACT English	21	26
ACT Math	21	27

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

	SAT I Verbal	SAT I Math
700-800	4.7%	2.6%
600-699	19.8%	28.2%
500-599	47.4%	41.0%
400-499	23.8%	24.1%
300-399	4.4%	4.1%
200-299	0.0%	0.0%
	100.0%	100.0%

	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
30-36	5.0%	6.2%	6.7%
24-29	37.4%	36.9%	33.1%
18-23	53.9%	47.3%	49.3%
12-17	3.8%	9.6%	10.9%
6-11	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Below 6	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	100%	100%	100%

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class
Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class
Percent in top half of high school graduating class

83%

Percent in top half of high school graduating class
Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class

<u>\_18%\_</u>

Top half + bottom half = 100%.

Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class <u>0%</u>

Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school class rank: 91%

C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, firmula point averages within each of the following range from whom you collected high school GPA.  Percent who had GPA of 3.0 and higher Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.99 Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99 Percent who had GPA below 1.0					
C12. Average high school GPA of all degree-seekin 3.43	ıg, first-time,	first-year	(fresh	nman) students who submitted GPA	:
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) st	udents who s	ubmitted h	igh sch	hool GPA: _ <b>98</b> %	
Admission Policies					
C13. Application fee					
Does your institution have an application fee?  Amount of application fee: \$45.00		⊠ Yes	□N	10	
Can it be waived for applicants with financial nee	ed?	Yes	⊠ N	No	
C14. Application closing date					
Does your institution have an application closing Application closing date (fall):	date?	⊠ Yes	□N	No	
C15. Are first-time, first-year students accepted fo	r terms other	than the	fall? ∑	⊠ Yes □ No	
C16. Notification to applicants of admission decision	on sent (fill in	one only)			
On a rolling basis beginning (date):By (date):Other:	-				
C17. Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in o	ne only)				
Must reply by (date):  No set date:X  Must reply by May 1 or within weeks if no Other:	otified thereaf	ter			
C18. Deferred admission: Does your institution allo		postpone o	enrollm	nent after admission?	
C19. Early admission of high school students: Does time, first-year (freshman) students one year or m					st-
C20. Common Application: Will you accept the Con Secondary School Principals if submitted? If "yes," are supplemental forms required? Is your college a member of the Common Applic	• •		buted b Yes Yes Yes	by the National Association of  ☑ No ☐ No ☐ No ☐ No	

## **Early Decision and Early Action Plans**

C21	<b>Learly decision:</b> Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for fall enrollment? $\square$ Yes $\square$ No
	If "yes," please complete the following:
	First or only early decision plan closing date First or only early decision plan notification date
	Other early decision plan closing date Other early decision plan notification date
	For the Fall 2003 entering class:
	Number of early decision applications received by your institution  Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan
	Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:
C22	2. Early action: Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?
	☐ Yes            No
	If "yes," please complete the following:
	Early action closing date  Early action notification date

## D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

<i>D</i> 2.	2003.	Applicants 608	Admitted Applican	·	pplicants	king dunster student	S III Idii
	Women Total	1,000 <b>1,608</b>	757 <b>1,171</b>	754			
D4.	<ul> <li>D3. Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll:</li></ul>						
D5.		is the minimum				it Hours	
D5.		is the minimum	transfer students to ap				
D5.	Indicate all i	is the minimum tems required of	Required of All	pply for admission  Recommended	Recommended	Required of	
D5.	High school	is the minimum tems required of bl transcript nscript(s)	Required of All X	pply for admission  Recommended	Recommended	Required of	Not required
D5.	High school College tra	is the minimum tems required of	Required of All X	pply for admission  Recommended	Recommended	Required of	Not required
D5.	High school College tra Essay or per Interview	is the minimum tems required of bl transcript nscript(s)	Required of All X	pply for admission  Recommended	Recommended	Required of	Not required
D5.	High school College transparent of Essay or per Interview Standardize Statement of	of transcript script(s) ersonal statemen	Required of All X X	Recommended of All	Recommended	Required of	Not required

**D9.** List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

	Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
Fall	4/1	7/1			X
Winter					
Spring					
Summer					

D10. Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students? \( \square\) Yes \( \times\) No
D11. Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable:
Transfer Credit Policies
<b>D12.</b> Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit:
D13. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution:  Number
D14. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution:  Number102
<b>D15.</b> Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree:  N/A
<b>D16.</b> Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree: 30 Credit Hour
<b>D17.</b> Describe other transfer credit policies:

## E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

<b>E1. Special study options:</b> Identify those programs as	ailable at your institution.	Refer to the glossary for	or definitions.
<ul> <li>Accelerated program</li> <li>Cooperative (work-study) program</li> <li>Cross-registration</li> <li>Distance learning</li> <li>Double major</li> <li>Dual enrollment</li> <li>English as a Second Language (ESL)</li> <li>Exchange student program (domestic)</li> <li>External degree program</li> <li>Other (specify):</li> </ul>	☐ Honors program ☐ Independent study ☐ Internships ☐ Liberal arts/career co ☐ Student-designed maj ☐ Study abroad ☐ Teacher certification ☐ Weekend college	jor	
E2. Has been removed from the CDS.			
E3. Areas in which all or most students are require	d to complete some cours	se work prior to gradu	ation:
Arts/fine arts	Humanities		
<u> </u>	Mathematics		
English (including composition)	Philosophy		
	Sciences (biological or p	ohysical)	
<u> </u>	Social science		
Other (describe): Cultural Diversity, Glo	bal Awareness, & Oral (	Communication	
Library Collections			
Report the number of holdings at the end of the 2002-0			fer to the Academic
Libraries Survey, Section D "Library Collections," line	es 22-26, column 2 for corr	responding equivalents.	
<b>E4.</b> Books, serial backfiles, and other paper materials (	including government doc	uments) [line 22]: _40	2,649_
<b>E5</b> . Current serial subscriptions [line 26]:			
<b>E6.</b> Microforms [line 24]: <u>686,804</u>			
E7. Audiovisual materials [line 25]: 5,979			
<b>E8.</b> E-Books [line 23]:			
F. 9	STUDENT LIFE		
F1. Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) 2003 who fit the following categories:	students and all degree-s	eeking undergraduate	es enrolled in fall
	]	First-time, first-year	Undergraduates
		(freshman) students	68
Percent who are from out of state (exclude interna		9%	<b>7%</b>
Percent of men who join fraternities	,	<u>0%</u>	0%
Percent of women who join sororities		<del>1%</del>	<u>1%</u>
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -	affiliated housing	41%	10%
Percent who live off campus or commute		<u>59%</u>	90%
Percent of students age 25 and older		$\frac{-\frac{2970}{1\%}}{1\%}$	<u>26%</u>
Average age of full-time students		<u>19</u>	$\frac{23}{23}$
Average age of all students (full- and part-time)		<u> 19</u>	$\frac{-25}{24}$

F 2.	<b>F2.</b> Activities offered identify those programs available at	your institution.
	<ul> <li>☐ Choral groups</li> <li>☐ Concert band</li> <li>☐ Dance</li> <li>☐ Drama/theater</li> <li>☐ Jazz band</li> <li>☐ Literary magazine</li> <li>☐ Music ensembles</li> <li>☐ Musical theater</li> <li>☐ Opera</li> <li>☐ Pep band</li> <li>☐ Radio station</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Student government</li> <li>Student newspaper</li> <li>Student-run film society</li> <li>Symphony orchestra</li> <li>Television station</li> <li>Yearbook</li> </ul>
F3.	F3. ROTC (program offered in cooperation with Reserve C	Officers' Training Corps)
	Army ROTC is offered:  ☑ On campus ☐ At cooperating institution (name):	
	Naval ROTC is offered:  On campus  At cooperating institution (name):	
	Air Force ROTC is offered:  On campus  At cooperating institution (name):	
F4.	<b>F4. Housing:</b> Check all types of college-owned, -operated, institution.	or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your
	<ul> <li>✓ Men's dorms</li> <li>✓ Women's dorms</li> <li>✓ Frat</li> <li>✓ Apartments for married students</li> <li>✓ Coc</li> <li>✓ Apartments for single students</li> </ul>	cial housing for disabled students cial housing for international students ternity/sorority housing operative housing  nce locating off-campus housing

### **G. ANNUAL EXPENSES**

Provide 2004-2005 academic year costs of attendance for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

IIISti	tution.			
	Check here if your institution's 2004-20 an approximate date (i.e., month/day) vavailable: 7/1/2004			
	Undergraduate full-time tuition, req List the typical tuition, required fees, a academic year (30 semester hours or 4: hour cost by number of credits). A full June; usually equated to two semesters Room and board is defined as double of include only charges that all full-time s activity fees.) Do <i>not</i> include optional	nd room and board for a full- 5 quarter hours for institution academic year refers to the p , two trimesters, three quarter accupancy and 19 meals per v students must pay that are <b>not</b>	s that derive annual tuition by mu eriod of time generally extending rs, or the period covered by a four- week or the maximum meal plan. It included in tuition (e.g., registrat	Itiplying credit from September to -one-four plan. Required fees
		FIRST-YEAR	UNDERGRADUATES	]
	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS			1
	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS Tuition: In-district:	\$3,296	\$3,762	
	In-state (out-of-district):	\$3,296	\$3,762	
	Out-of-state:	\$14,942	\$14,942	
	NONRESIDENT ALIEN: Tuition:	\$14,942	\$14,942	
	REQUIRED FEES:	\$740	\$740	
	ROOM AND BOARD: (on-campus)	\$5,998	\$5,998	
	ROOM ONLY: (on-campus)	\$4,544	\$4,544	
	BOARD ONLY: (on-campus meal plan)	\$1,454	\$1,454	
	Comprehensive tuition and room and fees):	d board fee (if your college ca	annot provide separate tuition and	room and board
	Other:			
G2.	Number of credits per term a studen	t can take for the stated ful	<b>l-time tuition</b> <u>12</u> minimun	n <u>15</u> maximum
G3.	Do tuition and fees vary by year of s	tudy (e.g., sophomore, junio	or, senior)?	□ No
	If tuition and fees vary by undergradion structure based on level of ins	1 0	n, describe briefly: <u>College</u>	s have separate

G5. Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
Books and supplies:	\$1176	\$1176	\$1176
Room only:			\$4437
Board only:		\$2106	\$2799
Transportation:	\$1038	\$576	\$1038
Other expenses:	\$2736	\$918	\$2736

### **G6.** Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges:

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-district:	\$159
In-state (out-of-district):	\$159
Out-of-state:	\$814
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	\$814

#### H. FINANCIAL AID

Please refer to the following financial aid definitions when completing Section H.

**Financial aid applicant:** Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

**Indebtedness:** Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan programs (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

**Institutional and external funds**: Endowment, alumni, or external monies for which the institution determines the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

**Need-based aid:** College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

**Need-based scholarship or grant aid:** Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

**Need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

**Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid:** Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

### Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

**Non-need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

**Scholarships/grants from external sources:** Monies received from outside (private) sources that the student brings with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

**Work study and employment**: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

### Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

H1. Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2002-2003 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2002-2003 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid column. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1, H2, H2A, and H6 below:
∑ 2003-2004 estimated or ☐ 2002-2003 final
Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid? (Formerly H3)
X Federal methodology (FM)
Institutional methodology (IM)
Both FM and IM

	Need-based (Include non-need-based aid use to meet need.)	Non-need-based (Exclude non-need-based aid use to meet need.)
	\$	\$
Scholarships/Grants		
Federal	\$4,771,847	
State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)	\$2,348,909	
Institutional (endowment, alumni, or other institutional awards) and external funds awarded by the college excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below)	\$2,369,352	\$54,124
Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	\$101,862	
Total Scholarships/Grants	\$9,591,970	\$54,124
Self-Help		
Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	\$17,183,072	
Federal Work-Study	\$538,069	
State and other (e.g., institutional) work- study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)	\$694,393	\$117,284
Total Self-Help	\$18,415,534	\$117,284
Parent Loans	\$1,921,386	
Tuition Waivers Note: Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.	\$207.211	
Athletic Awards	\$227,311	

**H2. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid:** List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. **Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.** Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
a)	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2003 cohort)	638	4590	1300
b)	Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid	523	3488	711
c)	Number of students in line ${\bf b}$ who were determined to have financial need	280	2437	497
d)	Number of students in line <b>c</b> who were awarded any financial aid	273	2377	441
e)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	246	1990	326
f)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	166	1776	321
g)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	2	19	0
h)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> whose need was fully met ( <u>exclude PLUS</u> <u>loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , and <u>private alternative loans</u> )	25	183	29
i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	57.0%	60.0%	82.0%
j)	The average financial aid package of those in line <b>d.</b> Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	\$5,157	\$6,859	\$4,560
k)	Average need-based scholarship or grant award of those in line e	\$3,538	\$3,873	\$2,189
1)	Average need-based self-help award ( <u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , and <u>private alternative loans</u> ) of those in line <b>f</b>	\$2,955	\$3,909	\$3,616
m)	Average need-based loan ( <u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , <u>and private alternative loans</u> ) of those in line <b>f</b> who were awarded a need-based loan	\$2,439	\$3,642	\$3,469

**H2A.** Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional—not external—non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
n)	Number of students in line <b>a</b> who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	166	414	38
o)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line <b>n</b>	\$1,776	\$1,774	\$2,088
p)	Number of students in line <b>a</b> who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant	8	64	2
q)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line <b>p</b>	\$2,400	\$2,433	\$2,000

H3: Incorporated into H1 above.
<b>H4.</b> Provide the percentage of the 2003 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2002 and June 30, 2003 and borrowed at any time through any loan programs (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; exclude parent loans). Include only students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution47%
<b>H5.</b> Report the average per-borrower cumulative undergraduate indebtedness of those in line H4. Do not include money borrowed at other institutions: \$16,724
Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)
<ul> <li>H6. Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:         <ul> <li>☑ Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available</li> <li>☑ Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available</li> <li>☑ Institutional scholarship and grant aid is not available</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid:
Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:  \$6,868
Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:  \$679,964
Process for First-Year/Freshman Students
H7. Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:
<ul> <li>□ FAFSA</li> <li>□ Institution's own financial aid form</li> <li>□ CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE</li> <li>□ State aid form</li> <li>□ Noncustodial (Divorced/Separated) Parent's Statement</li> <li>□ Business/Farm Supplement</li> <li>□ Other:</li> </ul>
H8. Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:
<ul> <li>☐ Institution's own financial aid form</li> <li>☐ CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE</li> <li>☐ Foreign Student's Financial Aid Application</li> <li>☐ Foreign Student's Certification of Finances</li> <li>☐ Other:</li> </ul>
H9. Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:
Priority date for filing required financial aid forms:

H10	H10. Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b):					
	a.) Students notified on or about (date):					
	b.) Students notified on a rolling basis: <b>yes</b> /no If yes, starting date: <u>4/15</u>					
H11	. Indicate reply dates:					
	Students must reply by (date): or within weeks of notification.					
Тур	es of Aid Available					
Plea	se check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:					
H12	. Loans					
	FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN) Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans Direct PLUS Loans					
	FEDERAL FAMILY EDUCATION LOAN PROGRAM (FFEL) FFEL Subsidized Stafford Loans FFEL Unsubsidized Stafford Loans FFEL PLUS Loans					
	Federal Perkins Loans Federal Nursing Loans State Loans College/university loans from institutional funds Other (specify):					
H13	. Scholarships and Grants					
	NEED-BASED: Federal Pell SEOG State scholarships/grants Private scholarships College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds United Negro College Fund Federal Nursing Scholarship Other (specify):					

## H14. Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

Non-need	Need-based		Non-need	Need-based	
X	X X Academics		X		Leadership
		Alumni affiliation			Minority status
		Art			Music/drama
X		Athletics			Religious affiliation
		Job skills			State/district residency
		ROTC			

### I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

### I-1. Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2003.

The following definition of instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey. Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Institutions are asked to EXCLUDE:

- (a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine
- (b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status,
- (c) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like
- (d) faculty on leave without pay, and
- (e) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave.

Full-time: faculty employed on a full-time basis

*Part-time*: faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Also includes adjuncts and part-time instructors.

*Minority faculty*: includes faculty who designate themselves as black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaskan native; Asian or Pacific Islander; or Hispanic.

*Doctorate*: includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology.

*First-professional*: includes the fields of dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), law (JD) and theological professions (MDiv, MHL).

Terminal degree: the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts).

	Full-time	Part-time	Total
a.) Total number of instructional faculty	252	217	469
b.) Total number who are members of minority groups	31	15	46
c.) Total number who are women	102	112	214
d.) Total number who are men	150	105	255
e.) Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)	1	0	1
f.) Total number with doctorate, first professional, or other terminal degree	252	193	445
g.) Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's	0	12	12
h.) Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	0	0	0
i.) Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note: Items <b>f</b> , <b>g</b> , <b>h</b> , and <b>i</b> must sum up to item <b>a</b> .)	0	12	12

### I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2003 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2003	Student to	Faculty ration	o· 18	to 1.

### I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

2-9

10-19

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2003 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of *class sections* and *class subsections* offered in Fall 2003. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

30-39

40-49

50-99

100 +

Total

### **Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled**

**Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)** 

20-29

S	CLASS SECTIONS	75	213	244	106	112	98	11	859
		2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
_	CLASS SUB- SECTIONS								0

### J. DEGREES CONFERRED

## Degrees conferred between July 1, 2002 and June 30, 2003

Reference: IPEDS Completions, Part A

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded.

Category	Diploma/ Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 1990	CIP 2000
	Certificates			Categories to Include	Categories to Include
Agriculture				1 and 2	1
Architecture				4	4
Area and ethnic studies				5	5
Biological/life sciences			6%	26	26
Business/marketing			21%	8 and 52	52
Communications/communication			12%	9 and 10	9 and 10
technologies			1270		
Computer and information			3%	11	11
sciences			370		
Education				13	13
Engineering/engineering			5%	14 and 15	14 and 15
technologies			370		
English			5%	23	23
Foreign languages and literature			1%	16	16
Health professions and related			10%	51	51
sciences			10/0		
Home economics and vocational				19 and 20	19
home economics					
Interdisciplinary studies			1%	30	30
Law/legal studies				22	22
Liberal arts/general studies				24	24
Library science				25	25
Mathematics			2%	27	27
Military science and technologies				28 and 29	29
Natural resources/environmental				3	3
science					
Parks and recreation				31	31
Personal and miscellaneous				12	12
services					
Philosophy, religion, theology			1%	38 and 39	38 and 39
Physical sciences			2%	40 and 41	40 and 41
Protective services/public				43 and 44	43 and 44
administration					
Psychology			11%	42	42
Social sciences and history			18%	45	45 and 54
Trade and industry				46, 47, 48, and	46, 47, 48, and
77. 1 1 0			20/	49	49
Visual and performing arts			2%	50	50
Other	40007	1000/	40001		
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%		

#### **Common Data Set Definitions**

- All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.
- ♦ Items preceded by an asterisk (\*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.
- \*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

**Accelerated program:** Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

\*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

**Applicant (first-time, first year):** An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

**Application fee:** That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution

**Asian or Pacific Islander:** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, American Samoa, India, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

**Bachelor's degree:** An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origin).

**Board (charges):** Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

**Books and supplies (costs):** Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

\*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

**Carnegie units:** One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

**Class rank:** The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

**College-preparatory program:** Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

**Common Application:** The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

\*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

**Commuter:** A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

**Continuous basis (for program enrollment):** A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

**Cooperative housing:** College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

Cooperative (work-study plan) program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

\*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

**Credit:** Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Credit course:** A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Credit hour:** A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Cross-registration:** A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

**Deferred admission:** The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

**Degree:** An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

**Degree-seeking students:** Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

**Differs by program (calendar system):** A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the

program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

**Distance learning:** An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

**Doctoral degree:** The highest award a student can earn for graduate study. The doctoral degree classification includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and the Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology. For the Doctor of Public Health degree, the prior degree is generally earned in the closely related field of medicine or in sanitary engineering.

**Double major:** Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

**Dual enrollment:** A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

**Early action plan:** An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

**Early admission:** A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

**Early decision plan:** A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

**Exchange student program-domestic:** Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad**.

**External degree program:** A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

**Extracurricular activities (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

**First professional certificate (postdegree):** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study designed for persons who have completed the first professional degree. Examples could be refresher courses or additional units of study in a specialty or subspecialty.

**First professional degree:** An award in one of the following fields: Chiropractic (DC, DCM), dentistry (DDS, DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), rabbinical and Talmudic studies (MHL, Rav), Pharmacy (BPharm, PharmD), podiatry (PodD, DP, DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), law (LLB, JD), divinity/ministry (BD, MDiv).

**First-time student:** A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

**First-time**, **first-year** (**freshman**) **student**: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

**First-year student:** A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

\*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

**Full-time student (undergraduate):** A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

**Geographical residence (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

**Grade-point average (academic high school GPA):** The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

**Graduate student:** A student who holds a bachelor's or first professional degree, or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

\*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

**High school diploma or recognized equivalent:** A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

**Hispanic:** A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

**Honors program:** Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

**Independent study:** Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

**In-state tuition:** The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

**Internship:** Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

\*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

\*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

**Liberal arts/career combination:** Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

**Master's degree:** An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of at least the full-time equivalent of one but not more than two academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree.

**Minority affiliation (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

\*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

**Nonresident alien:** A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

\*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

**Open admission:** Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

**Out-of-state tuition:** The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

**Part-time student (undergraduate):** A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

\*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

**Post-baccalaureate certificate:** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

**Post-master's certificate:** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

**Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma:** Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

**Private institution:** An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

**Private for-profit institution:** A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

**Private nonprofit institution:** A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

**Public institution:** An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

**Quarter calendar system:** A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

**Race/ethnicity:** Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

**Race/ethnicity unknown:** Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

\*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

\*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

**Required fees:** Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

**Room and board (charges)—on campus:** Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

**Secondary school record (as admission factor):** Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

**Semester calendar system:** A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

**Study abroad:** Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

\*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

**Talent/ability (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

**Teacher certification program:** Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

**Transfer applicant:** An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

**Transfer student:** A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

**Transportation (costs):** Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

**Trimester calendar system:** An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

**Tuition:** Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

\*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

**Unit:** a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

**Undergraduate:** A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

- \*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.
- \*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

**Volunteer work (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East (except those of Hispanic origin).

\*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

**Work experience (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

### **Financial Aid Definitions**

**Financial aid applicant:** Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

**Indebtedness:** Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan programs (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

**Institutional and external funds**: Endowment, alumni, or external monies for which the institution determines the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

**Financial need:** As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

**Need-based aid:** College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

**Need-based scholarship or grant aid:** Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

**Need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

**Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid:** Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid

### Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

**Non-need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

**Scholarships/grants from external sources:** Monies received from outside (private) sources that the student brings with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.